

1310/1550 nm Three Stage Optical Circulator



(patent pending)

DATASHEET

BUY NOW



Features

- Low Insertion Loss
- Low PDL
- High Channel Isolation
- Compact Package
- High Reliability & Stability
- Cost Effective

Applications

- Optical Fiber Amplifier
- Metropolitan Area Network
- Fiber Optic Sensor
- Dispersion Compensation
- Test and Measurement
- Instrumentation

The OC Series 1310/1550 PM Optical Circulator is a non-reciprocal device that maintains polarization while redirecting light at 1310/1550 nm from port-to-port in only one direction while minimizing back reflection and back scattering in the reverse direction. Employing Agiltron's advanced micro optics design, it features low insertion loss, high extinction ratio, high isolation, compact package, and high stability. The excellent characteristics of this product make it an ideal choice for application in fiber amplifier systems, pump lasers, and optical fiber sensors.

Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
Operating Wavelength	1310	1295 ~ 1325		nm	
	C Band	1530 ~ 1565			
	L Band	1570 ~ 1610			
	C + L	1525 ~ 1610			
Insertion Loss ^[1]	3- Port	1310, C ,L	0.8	1.0	dB
	C+L		0.9	1.2	dB
4-Port	1310, C ,L		0.9	1.2	dB
	Isolation (2→1, 3→2, or 4→3) ^[2]	3- Port	1310, C ,L	48	dB
C+L		40		dB	
4-Port	1310, C ,L		48	dB	
Directivity (1→3 or 2→4)		> 50		dB	
Polarization Dependent Loss	3- Port	< 0.15		dB	
	4-Port	< 2.0		dB	
Polarization Mode Dispersion		< 0.1		ps	
Return Loss ^[1]		> 50		dB	
Optical Power Handling		< 500		mW	
Operating Temperature Range	0		+75	°C	
Storage Temperature	-40		+85	°C	
Fiber Type	Corning SMF-28				
Fiber Length		> 1		m	

Notes:

[1]. Excluding connectors

[2]. @λop, Top, SOP

Note: For a polarized input light version, the isolation is optimized to block the light reflection of the same polarization. Although lights of other polarizations may also be blocked, the extinction may be poor. PM isolators can be specially made to block backward propagating lights of all polarizations. PM isolators can also be made with a light polarizing function.

Warning: This is an OEM module designed for system integration. Do not touch the PCB by hand. The electrical static can kill the chips even without a power plug-in. Unpleasant electrical shock may also be felt. For laboratory use, please buy a Turnkey system.

Legal notices: All product information is believed to be accurate and is subject to change without notice. Information contained herein shall legally bind Agiltron only if it is specifically incorporated into the terms and conditions of a sales agreement. Some specific combinations of options may not be available. The user assumes all risks and liability whatsoever in connection with the use of a product or its application.

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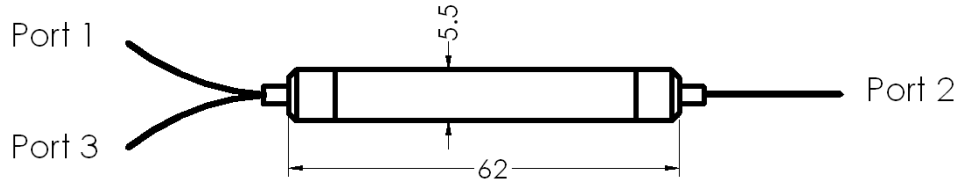


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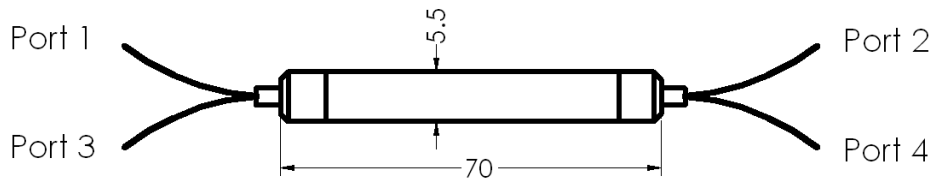
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Mechanical Dimensions (mm)

3-Port Circulator



4-Port Circulator



*Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.

Ordering Information

Prefix	Type	Wavelength	Grade	Package Type	Fiber Type	Fiber Cover	Fiber Length	Connector
OCPI-	3 Port = 33 4 Port = 43 Special = 00	1310 = 3 1550 = 5 C Band = C L Band = L C+L = 2 Special = 0	Standard = 1 Special = 0	5.5 x 62 = 1 5.5 x 70 = 2 Special = 0	SMF-28 = 1 Special = 0	Bare fiber = 1 900um loose tube = 3 Special = 0	0.25m = 1 0.5 m = 2 1.0 m = 3 Special = 0	None = 1 FC/PC = 2 FC/APC = 3 SC/PC = 4 SC/APC = 5 ST/PC = 6 LC/PC = 7 LC/APC = A LC/UPC = U Special = 0

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Application Notes

Fiber Core Alignment

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters ($<5 \mu\text{m}$) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

Maximum Optical Input Power

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.

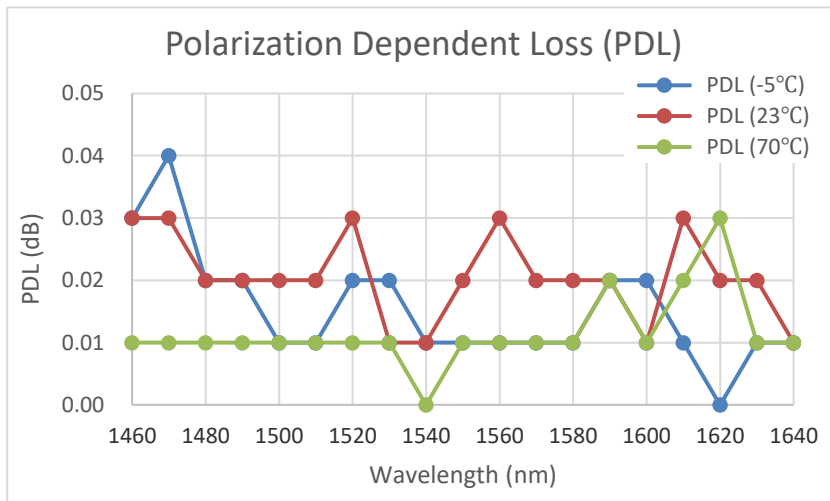
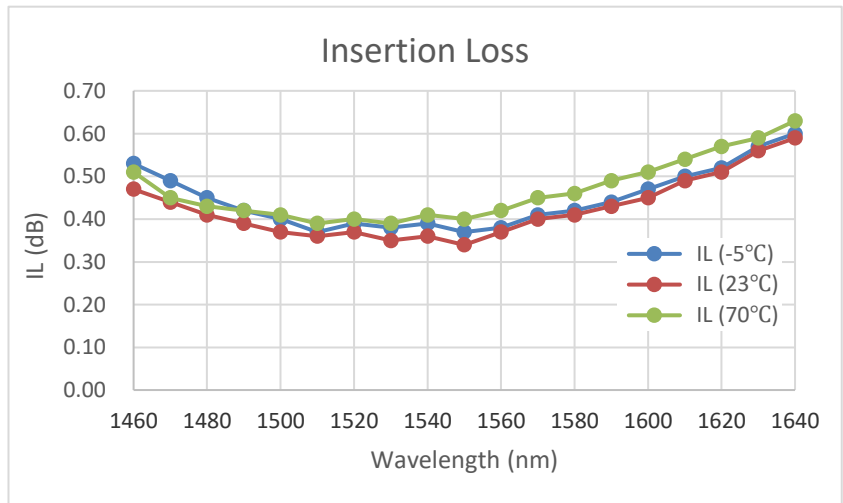
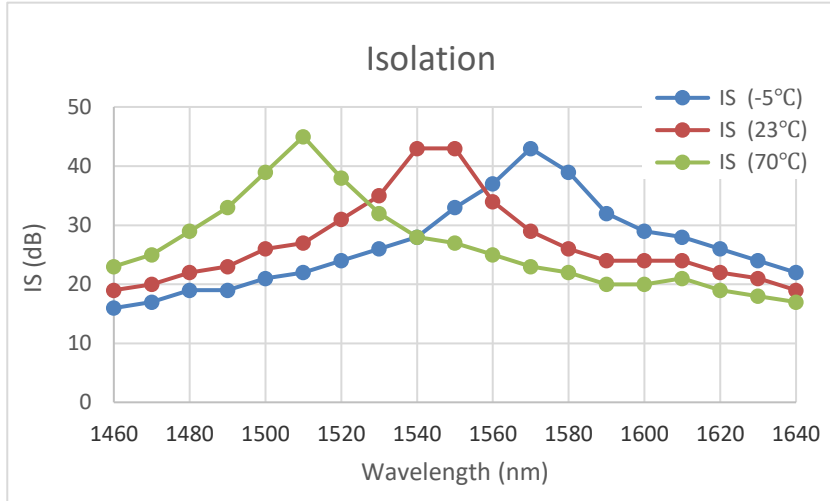
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Typical Wavelength Dependence for Single Stage



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Typical Wavelength Dependence for Dual Stage

